PIONEERS IN



WE'RE REWRITING THE RULES

Ronog, October 2024

Lawful Intercept

expecting sighs now and for people to avoid me later, but please don't, if nothing else beer is on me \Re



Everyone has this big aversion toward Lawful Intercept and Data Retention. Why?

- government mandated regulatory compliance / <u>cost of doing business</u>
- usually quite costly
- complex to implement properly
- ROI is always 0 whatever anyone is telling you
- PEGASUS?!

Myths

- MITM
- Mass-Surveillance
- No privacy
- Historical access recording all data for years how / yes / no

Lawful Intercept

Nomenclature

Definition

Lawful Intercept (LI)

refers to the **legally authorized** monitoring and collection of telecommunications data by law enforcement agencies (LEAs). **In the European Union, LI is strictly regulated**, and service providers must comply with ETSI (European Telecommunications Standards Institute) standards, ensuring compliance while safeguarding privacy.

Data Retention (DR)

refers to the **mandatory** storage of telecommunications and internet-related data by service providers for a specified period. This data is retained to assist law enforcement and government agencies in criminal investigations, national security efforts, and legal compliance.

Importantly, data retention does not include the content of communications (such as call or email content) but focuses on metadata.

Legal Basis

Lawful Intercept

- **ETSI** (European Telecommunications Standards Institute): ETSI standards, such as TS 101 671 and TS 102 232, define the technical and security requirements for intercepting and transmitting communications data to law enforcement agencies. These standards ensure a unified framework across EU member states.
- **CALEA** (Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act): In the US, CALEA mandates that telecom providers design their networks with lawful interception capabilities.
- **SORM** (System of Operative Search Measures): In Russia, SORM offers more direct access to communications for security services, in contrast to the more regulated EU framework.

Data Retention

- **EU Data Retention Directive (2006/24/EC)**: Initially mandated member states to require service providers to retain telecommunications data for a period of 6 to 24 months. The aim was to harmonize data retention laws across the EU
- **Current Situation**: The 2014 **European Court of Justice (ECJ)** ruling declared the Directive invalid due to concerns over privacy and mass data collection. Since then, individual countries have developed their own laws, often influenced by national security needs.

Local regulation

ANCOM DECISION NO. 987/2012 - ... the service provider is inter alia obliged to:

1. technically allow the relevant authorities to perform interceptions and to make available all technical data regarding interceptions, in the format established by the authorities;

••••

- 4. take all necessary technical measures to enable interceptions in general and immediately enable the enforcement of interception warrants in particular;
- 5. place at the disposal of the relevant authorities the interception management servers and the administration and operation consoles it holds, as required to ensure interceptions;
- 6. bear the costs of the interception interface

As per Article 8(2)(k) of the Government Emergency Ordinance No. 111/2011 on electronic communications, the conditions under which service providers are to bear the costs related to the interception interface are established by the general authorisation issued by ANCOM to the service provider.

Local legal basis

- Law 14/1992 regarding the organization of the Romanian intelligence Agency (i.e., Serviciul Roman de Informatii – SRI)
- Law 51/1991 regarding National Security
- Decision 338/2010 of the President of ANCOM (i.e., Romanian regulatory body)
- Law 508/2004 regarding the organization of DIICOT (department under the Public Ministry in charge with investigating the cases of organized crime and terrorism)
- Penal Procedural Code
- Law 235/2015 modifying The Law 506/2004 regarding the processing of the personal data and the protection of private life in the field of electronic communication.

OK, so now we know

definitions



A "typical" ISP/Telco network



OSPFv3 / LDPv6 area: 0.0.00 type: backbone



Let us take a closer look at

Internet service delivery



OK, so how to implement

LI and DR?

Active? Passive? Hybrid?





Purely Active interception is impossible. Chances are:

- You use PPPoE or IPoE for Internet services delivery 99% that you implemented already Radius AAA for authorising your users, controlling their allowed bandwidth and qos + assigning/rotating IP addresses
- If you provide email service to your customers, you MUST provide clean decrypted traffic to the IAP
- You will have to combine it with Passive Voice Interception if you provide Telephony services



Why is Passive recommended

over Hybrid?

- Future proof no changes if you change hardware vendor
- No Router CPU/Memory sizing cost active interception is always done in software
- Easier to deal with when doing network/software upgrade
- No additional license cost
- Additional privacy employees cannot see list of active targets and targets cannot see impact on their services!

Let us take a closer look at

VoIP service delivery



Internet service delivery interception

Lawful Intercept

• ETSI TS 102-232-5 – Telephony services

Data Retention

• ETSI TS 102 657







Transit only or Full?

Asterisk* was envisioned as PBX system, people tend to forget it

If your Softswitch is Asterisk* based

- dialog-transparency is an issue, so you will have duplicate calls for each intercepted call
- We have a solution for that in place RFC7329 however it requires a configuration change to add custom sip header on your softswitch

If LEA insists on **E.164 Only**?

- Many LEAs live in an age of ISDN, they refuse to comprehend SIP try to enforce A and B numbers – For the love of God it is URI!
- Inside network you use National numbers, not International!
- PAI helps, but not in all cases.

Lawful Intercept is a

Black Box

- there are no fancy Graphical interfaces
- there is no access
- there are no monitoring tools exposed to your Operations team
- only a handful of people will ever know about it inside your company

What about

Data Retention?



Subscriber information

- Basically, a phonebook, but not just a phonebook
 - LEAs require subscriber information (like name, surname, government id, addresses for billing, service delivery and official one), Service NAI (basically a phone number, username, IP address, mac address...), all of his services over time (historic data usually kept for 1 year)
- It allows LEA to identify current information and what to use to "target" the user using Lawful Intercept IAP

CDRs

- Incoming and outgoing phone calls information with additional services information (i.e. Call Forwarding parties, CLIR...)
- Internet connectivity session details (start/stop, transferred bytes, IP address, ...)
- CGNAT records

NETFLOW/IPFIX?

• Yes, in some countries there is national requirement to store this data as well

DPI?

<u>It is coming! We are already implementing it in some countries.</u>

Problem?

- How do you get all this data, store it efficiently and deliver it on request to LEA??
 - Many different systems, with different interfaces that change over time?
 - Delivery can be different locally as well and change over time. i.e. national regulation superseded by ETSI
 - EU Digital Evidence Act is complicating things
 - There can really be a LOT of data (CGNAT, NETFLOW/IPFIX, DPI) you can't just drop the data to MySQL
 - Data deduplication and merging
 - Uptime for such a system

Solution? Zendify.DR

- It can connect to almost any type of API, Database, FTP, ... and ingest and enrich source data
- We configure/map input processors to match your internal BSS systems and gather and store data
- For each country based on local regulations we apply a profile for LEA to access the data in the format they want
- Gone are the days where we require custom solutions for each ISP in most cases ;)

Example you say?

Let's take Voice CDR's:

 Get data from MOR Softswitch? – Configure hourly FTP export that we will ingest with following fields and remap it per requirements



Name:	ftn	
Column #1:	Call ID	*
Column #2:	Unique ID	*
Column #3:	Called From	v)
Column #4:	Called To	v)
Column #5:	PAI Number	*
Column #6:	Start Time	*
Column #7:	End Time	v)
Column #8:	Forwarded Call DID Number	v)
Column #9:	Hangup Cause	*
Column #10:	(-

- PortaONE? Use their REST API or connect to their DB... Iskratel? Process BELL CDR records...
- How about getting data from Chaosnet Softswitch? We configure mysql connector and pull data from voice_cdrs table and remap it per requirements

hariads La	r_voicej> d	les	cribe cars;	.		.		.		+
Field	I	T	уре	1	Null	1	Key	1	Default	Extra
 id	+ 	 i	nt(10) unsigned	1	N0	+-	PRI	1	NULL	auto_increment
calldate	. 1	l t	imestamp		NO		PRI		current_timestamp()	
clid	1	l v	archar(80)		NO		MUL			
src	1	l v	archar(80)		NO		MUL			1
dst	1	v	archar(80)		NO		MUL			1
dcontext	: 1	l v	archar(80)		NO					1
channel		l v	archar(80)		NO					1
dstchann	el I	l v	archar(80)		NO					1
lastapp	1	v	archar(80)		NO					1
duration	· •	b	igint(20)		NO				0	1
billsec		b	igint(20)		NO				0	1
disposit	ion I	l v	archar(45)		NO		MUL			1
amaflags	. 1	b	igint(20)		NO				0	1
accounto	ode l	l v	archar(40)		NO					1
uniqueid		l v	archar(32)		NO					1
userfiel	d I	l v	archar(255)		NO					1
e164a	I	l v	archar(255)		YES		MUL		NULL	1
e164b	1	v	archar(255)		YES		MUL		NULL	1
customer	_id I	l i	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
customer	_dgid	l i	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
customer	_rate_id	l i	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
customer	_cost	d	louble(11,4)		NO				0.0000	1
provider	_in_id	l i	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
provider	_in_dgid	Ιi	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
provider	_in_cost	d	ouble(11,4)		NO				0.0000	1
provider	_out_id	l i	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
provider	_out_dgid	l i	nt(10) unsigned		YES				NULL	1
provider	_out_cost	d	ouble(11,4)		NO				0.0000	1
status	I	l v	archar(255)		YES				NULL	1
cid_hidd	en l	l t	inyint(1)		NO		MUL		0	1
diverted		l t	inyint(1)		NO		MUL		0	
diversio	ns l	l t	ext		YES		MUL		NULL	I
+	+			+-		+-		+		+
32 rows in	set (0.001	L S	ec)							



- **Freeradius** or some fork of it? Need to keep track of IP accounting?
 - In most cases it retains radacct table to which we could connect, however our system can also generate those records from Encryptnet LI IAP automatically, so even if you don't use freeradius we got you covered

Field	1	Туре	1	Null	1	Key		Default		Extra
radacctid	+-	bigint	1	NO	1	PRI	1	NULL	+	auto_increment
l acctsessionid		varchar(64)		NO		MUL				
l acctuniqueid		varchar(32)		NO		UNI				
lusername		varchar(64)		NO		MUL				
l realm		varchar(64)		YES						
l nasipaddress		varchar(15)		NO		MUL				
l nasportid		varchar(128)		YES				NULL		
l nasporttype		varchar(32)		YES				NULL		
acctstarttime		datetime		YES		MUL		NULL		
l acctupdatetime		datetime		YES				NULL		
l acctstoptime		datetime		YES		MUL		NULL		
acctinterval		int		YES		MUL		NULL		
l acctsessiontime		int unsigned		YES		MUL		NULL		
l acctau then tic		varchar(32)		YES				NULL		
connectinfo_start		varchar(50)		YES				NULL		
<pre>connectinfo_stop</pre>		varchar(50)		YES				NULL		
acctinputoctets		bigint		YES				NULL		
acctoutputoctets		bigint		YES				NULL		
calledstationid		varchar(50)		NO						
l callingstationid		varchar(50)		NO						
l acctterminatecause		varchar(32)		NO						
l servicetype		varchar(32)		YES				NULL		
framedprotocol		varchar(32)		YES				NULL		
framedipaddress		varchar(15)		NO		MUL				
framedipv6address		varchar(45)		NO		MUL				
framedipv6prefix		varchar(45)		NO		MUL				
framedinterfaceid		varchar(44)		NO		MUL				
delegatedipv6prefix		varchar(45)		NO		MUL				

radacctid: 6497962 acctsessionid: 6c113103 acctuniqueid: 859f7f7bdc6f97dcce087bfb29458e55 username: release14.kneg11@mt-metro realm: nasipaddress: 10.200.10.10 nasportid: 113103 nasporttype: Ethernet acctstarttime: 2024-09-23 13:51:10 acctupdatetime: 2024-09-25 13:46:10 acctstoptime: 2024-09-25 13:51:10 acctinterval: 300 acctsessiontime: 172800 acctauthentic: RADIUS connectinfo_start: 1000000000 connectinfo_stop: 1000000000 acctinputoctets: 3130391909 acctoutputoctets: 92160543099 calledstationid: callingstationid: 2c:c8:1b:c1:89:e8 acctterminatecause: Session-Timeout servicetype: Framed-User framedprotocol: PPP framedipaddress: 42.240.126 framedipv6address: framedipv6prefix: framedinterfaceid: delegatedipv6prefix: radacctid: 6512318 acctsessionid: df225568 acctuniqueid: 6c1c4843159eb2315c0e599e51aa58e1 username: release14.kneg11@mt-metro realm: nasipaddress: 10.200.10.10 nasportid: 225568 nasporttype: Ethernet acctstarttime: 2024-09-25 13:51:12 acctupdatetime: 2024-09-26 08:06:12 acctstoptime: NULL acctinterval: 300 acctsessiontime: 65700 acctauthentic: RADIUS connectinfo_start: 1000000000 connectinfo_stop: acctinputoctets: 1197546107 acctoutputoctets: 31326666969 calledstationid: callingstationid: 2c:c8:1b:c1:89:e8 acctterminatecause: servicetype: Framed-User framedprotocol: PPP framedipaddress: 42.240.126 framedipv6address: framedipv6prefix: framedinterfaceid: delegatedipv6prefix:

CGNAT or NAT?

We already have prebuilt support for:

- A10
- Cisco
- Juniper
- Huawei
- NetElastic
- NFWare
- Fortigate
- Mikrotik
- and few others...

hat log server 0 type syslog ip 172.16.1.1 port 32781 nat log server 1 type netflow ip 172.16.1.2 port 9555 nat log server 2 type netflow ip 172.16.1.1 port 515 nat log server 3 type syslog ip 172.16.1.17 port 9556 nat log type session enable nat log type session-64 enable nat log enable

Total number of sessions: 75*10^6

NAT44: 4.5 mcps NAT64: 3.6 mcps

Statistics for Socke	t 0				
	Total	Used	Free	Drops	Load
Subscribers	2019968	63622	1956346	0	3.1%
Mappings	80019968	63622	79956346	0	0.1%
Sessions	80019968	76171857	3848111	0	95.2%
Fragments	65536	0	65536	0	0.0%
Pending Fragments	1024 		1024 	0	0.0%
 Statistics for Socke	t 1				
	Total	Used	Free	Drops	Load
Subscribers	2019968	136379	1883589	0	6.8%
Mappings	80019968	136379	79883589	0	0.2%
C	00010060	73828143	6191825	0	92.3%
Sessions	00013300	/ 2020142	0101010		
Sessions Fragments	65536	0	65536	õ	0.0%
Sessions Fragments Pending Fragments NAT01-200G# start-sh admin@NAT01-200G:~\$	65536 1024 ell bash bc -l	0 0	65536 1024	0 0	0.0%
Sessions Fragments Pending Fragments NAT01-200G# start-sh admin@WAT01-200G:~\$ bc 1.07.1 Copyright 1991-1994, This is free softwar For details type `wa 76171857+73828143 150000000 admin@WAT01-200G:~\$ NAT01-200G# show nat	amplitation 65536 1024 ell bash bc -l 1997, 1998, 2 e with ABSOLUT rranty'. counters vrf Current	0000,2004,200 0000,2004,200 ELY NO WARRANT ixia	65536 1024 6, 2008, 2012- Y. it (Load)	0 0 2017 Free Soft	0.0% 0.0%
Sessions Fragments Pending Fragments NAT01-200G# start-sh admingWAT01-200G:~\$ bc 1.07.1 Copyright 1991-1994, This is free softwar For details type `wa 76171857+73828143 150000000 admingWAT01-200G:~\$ NAT01-200G# show nat Counter Active Subscribers	amplitation 65536 1024 ell bash bc -l 1997, 1998, 2 e with ABSOLUT rranty'. exit counters vrf Current 100000	900049 0 0 0000, 2004, 200 ELY NO WARRANT ixia	65536 1024 6, 2008, 2012- Y. it (Load) 0 (0%)	0 0 2017 Free Soft	0.0% 0.0%
Sessions Fragments Pending Fragments NAT01-200G# start-sh admingWAT01-200G:~\$ bc 1.07.1 Copyright 1991-1994, This is free softwar For details type `wa 76171857+73828143 15000000 admingWAT01-200G:~\$ NAT01-200G# show nat Counter Active Subscribers Address Map Entries	a0019960 65536 1024 ell bash bc -l 1997, 1998, 2 e with ABSOLUT rranty'. exit counters vrf Current 100000 0	000045 0000,2004,200 ELY NO WARDANT ixia	65536 1024 6, 2008, 2012- 7. it (Load) 0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 2017 Free Soft	0.0% 0.0%
Sessions Fragments Pending Fragments NAT01-200G# start-sh admin@NAT01-200G:~\$ bc 1.07.1 Copyright 1991-1994, This is free softwar For details type `wa 76171857+73828143 150000000 admin@NAT01-200G:~\$ NAT01-200G# show nat Counter Active Subscribers Address Map Entries Port Mao Entries	a0019900 65536 1024 ell bash bc -l 1997, 1998, 2 e with ABSOLUT rranty'. exit counters vrf Current 100000 9 100000	90004, 2004, 200 8000, 2004, 200 ELY NO WARRANT 1xia	65536 1024 6, 2008, 2012- Y. it (Load) 0 (0%) 0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 0 2017 Free Sofi	0.0% 0.0%
Sessions Fragments Pending Fragments NAT01-200G# start-sh admin@WAT01-200G:~\$ bc 1.07.1 Copyright 1991-1994, This is free softwar For details type 'wa 76171857+73828143 15000000 admin@WAT01-200G:~\$ NAT01-200G# show nat Counter Active Subscribers Address Map Entries Port Map Entries Session Entries	a0019900 65536 1024 ell bash bc -l 1997, 1998, 2 e with ABSOLUT rranty'. exit counters vrf Current 100000 0 100000 75000000	900049 0 0 10000, 2004, 200 ELY NO WARRANT ixia	65536 1024 5, 2008, 2012- Y. it (Load) 0 (0%) 0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 0	0.0% 0.0%

ounter	Current	Limit	(Load)
ctive Subscribers ddress Map Entries ort Map Entries ession Entries ending Fragments	100000 0 100000 75000000 0	0 0 0 0	(0%) (0%) (0%) (0%) (0%)

A10 Merged Session

A10 Thunder has a great built-in feature - for others **Encryptnet does it inline**.

Feature is stable from release 4.1.4-GR1-P5

Merged Session Log

Whenever a CGN session was created, a corresponding log message is generated. When the session was deleted, then another corresponding log message is generated. To save database space, you can merge both session creation and session deletion logs into one. The merged session log is supported for all formats.

When the option to merge session logs is enabled, ACOS generates a log message when the session is deleted. There is a chance that ACOS performance may be reduced as the session creation timestamp will be stored on the ACOS device until the log is created. ACOS syncs the session creation timestamp with VRRP-A so that when the active CGN fails and the session is deleted, the log message will still be generated.

Configuring Merged Session Logs

To configure a merged session log, enter the following command at the NAT logging template level:

log sessions merged-style

To configure a merged session log for Fixed-NAT, enter the following command at the NAT logging template level:

log fixed-nat sessions merged-style

For the list of example log outputs of merged session logs, see <u>"Merged Session Log Samples"</u> on page 132.

Merged Session Log Samples

For details on how to configure merged session log, see "Merged Session Log" on page 31.

Below are some sample outputs of merged session logs:

Compact Logging

A sample compact log message with a merged session creation and session deletion is shown below:

LOCAL0.DEBUG: Sep 18 14:25:18.68 Sep 18 14:25:22.68 AX3030 I: 5101016b:37d6-5001016e:0, 5001016e:0-5001011f:37d6

Default Logging

A sample default log message with a merged session creation and session deletion is shown below:

LOCAL0.DEBUG: Sep 18 14:25:36.67 Sep 18 14:25:40.66 AX3030 NAT-ICM: 81.1.1.107:14296<-->80.1.1.110:0, 80.1.1.110:0<-->80.1.1.31:14296

RFC5424 Logging

A sample RFC5424 log message with a merged session creation and session deletion is shown below:

LOCAL0.DEBUG: 1 2014-09-18T14:25:45.22+01:00 2014-09-18T14:25:51.22+01:00 192.168.105.132 AX3030 - SessionDeleted:ICMP [- 81.1.1.107 14297 - 80.1.1.110 0 - 80.1.1.10 0 - 80.1.1.110 - 80.1.110 - 80.1.1.110 - 80

Custom Logging

A sample custom log message, using the NAT logging template custom header for syslog messages, with a merged session creation and session deletion is shown below:

LOCAL0.DEBUG: 1 2014-09-18T14:25:27.83+01:00 2014-09-18T14:25:31.83+01:00 192.168.105.132 AX3030 - Session:ICMP 81.1.1.107:14295 80.1.1.110:0

OK, so how does DR config

look on our end?

Engines and revisions

≡ 🦲 Zendify	Engi	nes de	<u>finitions</u>											× C +
 Dashboard Diagnostics 	Id		Name	Path	Latest version	Tags Dat	ta Retention 🛞	Ŧ	Source Type	Runtime group	•	Has draft Autostart	Business Unit	•
Configuration Management	\odot	ld ↑		Name	Latest version	Has draft	Autostart	Help page	Comment	Path	Runtime group	Tags	Business Unit	
	\bigcirc	89		Record logic phone	36	\checkmark	\checkmark		mtnet phonebook record logic pho	/record-logic-phone	DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i: 🖸 🗹 🖬
+++ Adapters Definition			Revision: 37										draft	
Data Source JDBC Operation	X		Type: JSON Path: /record-logic-phone Method: POST Source Type: HttpEngineRevisi Last Update On: 24.06.2024 / (onSource 8:47:44 (ivicabelic)									PUBLISH	
FTP		© 1	Revision: 36 Id: 324 Type: JSON Path: /record-logic-phone									DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	NE Autostart
• Authentications		٩	Method: POST Source Type: HttpEngineRevisi Last Update On: 19.06.2024 / 1	onSource 0:14:34 (ivicabelic)										
 Engines Definition 	×	0	Revision: 35 Id: 322 Type: JSON										DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD
Business Units		٩	Method: POST Source Type: HttpEngineRevisi Last Update On: 19.06.2024 / 0	onSource 9:32:57 (ivicabelic)										
Tags Management	\odot	90		postprocess phone	23		\checkmark			/dataRetention/postprocessPhone	DEFAULT	Phone Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i: Q 🗹 i
Roles	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	91	×	Insert list - logic phone	7				mtnet phonebook record logic pho		DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i: Q 🗹 🖬
System Management	(\mathbf{v})	92	×	Update list - logic phone	3				mtnet phonebook record logic pho		DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i 🛛 🖸
Libraries	\odot	93	×	Record internet phone	4				mtnet imenik sql record logic inter		DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i Q 🗹 🖬
	\odot	94	×	Insert list - logic internet	1				mtnet phonebook record logic pho		DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i 🗋 🖸
	\bigcirc	95	×	Update list - logic internet	1				mtnet book sql record logic internet		DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i: Q 🗹 🖬
	\odot	118		doSubscriber	9		\checkmark			doSubscriber	DEFAULT	Data Retention gogo	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i: Q 🗹 i
	\bigcirc	119	[DR] [MTNET] import internet usages	17		\checkmark			/dr/import/usage/internet	DEFAULT	Data Retention	INTERNAL - Initial BU	i 🗋 🖸
■ jdjurici ∋ Loaout		○○	Revision: 17 Id: 438 Type: JSON Path: /dr/import/usage/interne Method: POST Source Type: HttpEngineRevisi Last Update On: 26.08.2024 / 1	t onSource 8:55:15 (iponudic)							CREATE	DRAFT DEPLOY UNDEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	Autostart
Language English (US) Admin Version: 2.5.16	\frown			·····	-	-							Records	per page: 25 ▼ 1-22 of 22

 Zendify Dashboard 	Engine revision ([DR] [MTNET] import internet usag	ges) 🕐		DIAGNOSTICS	CREATE DRAFT DEPLOY UNDEPLOY DOWNLOAD
Diagnostics Configuration Management Calls Definition Adapters Definition Data Source JDBC Operation	Revision Details ID 438 Engine ID 119 Revision: 17 Comment Help page URL: Runtime Group DEFAULT Source Type Http Engine Revision Source	Autostart Verbose Troubleshooting Excluded Variables	Authentication List	Drag and drop adapter	+
FTP Authentications Email	Request Path /dr/import/usage/internet Methods POST JSON *	Variable Name request - Last Modified: - 26.08.2024 / 18:55:15 (iponudic)			
 Engines Definition Business Units 	Configuration management				
Tags Management Roles	O ID-63 revision 1 Verbose Troubleshooting Name: [DR] MTNET InternetUsage maxID maxOrigID Comment:		Variable mapping		Variable Name maxlds
 System Management Libraries 	Verbose Troubleshooting Expression maxIds[0].maxId				Variable Name maxld
	C C				Variable Name maxOriginalId Variable Name processed
jdjurici Language English (US) Admin Version: 2.5.16					Variable Name recordLimit UPDATE REVISION



≡	Zendify	<u>Engi</u>	nes de	finitions	2																			×	C +
↑ Ili	Dashboard Diagnostics	Id			Name		Path		Lates	t version	Tag	s ata Retention (8	Ŧ	Source Typ	be	Ŧ	Runtime group	Ŧ	- Has draft	Autostart	Business Unit		Ŧ	
‡ ‡‡	Configuration ^ Management ^	\odot	ld ↑			Proce	Name		La	test version	Has draft	Autostart	He	elp page		Comment		Path	Runtime group	Data Retention	Tags	Business Unit			
7	Calls Definition	0	127			11000	so nequest bata			.,		~						, processive question and	DEFAGE	outu netenitor	Uncincoodge				J ы
•••	Adapters Definition	(\cdot)	128	X		[DR] [MTNET] import phone u	usages		8									DEFAULT	Data	tetention)	INTERNAL - Initial BI	İ F	0 2	3 🗵
	Data Source	\bigcirc	132			Network A	occess Data Req	uest		57						xml		/network-access-data	DEFAULT	Data Retention	DR_message	INTERNAL - Initial BI	ŧ.		3 🖻
•	JDBC Operation		Ø	Revision: 5	7														CREATE	DRAFT DEPLO	UNDEPLOY	DOWNLOAD		Autostart	
	FTP	#	i	Type: XML Path: /netv Method: P(Source Typ	vork-access-da DST ve: HttpEngineF	ta RevisionSoure	e																		
0-	Authentications			Last Updat Revision: 5	e On: 25.09.20	24 / 16:05:19	(ivicabelic)													_					
\sim	Email	×	•	ld: 746 Type: XML Path: /netv	vork-access-da	ta														CREATE DR	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	CLONE	Autostart	
<>	Engines Definition		۵	Method: P0 Source Typ Last Updat	OST ee: HttpEngineF ee On: 25.09.20	RevisionSour 24 / 16:03:07	ce (ivicabelic)																		
	Business Units Tags Management Roles	×	⊙■0	Revision: 5 Id: 744 Type: XML Path: /netw Method: P(Source Typ Last Updat	vork-access-da DST De: HttpEngineF de On: 25.09.20	ta RevisionSouri 24 / 15:55:37	ce (ivicabelic)													CREATE DR	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	CLONE	Autostart	
≎ ★	System Management Libraries	×	○○	Revision: 5 Id: 741 Type: XML Path: /netw Method: P(Source Typ Last Updat	4 vork-access-da DST be: HttpEngineF le On: 25.09.20	ta RevisionSoure 24 / 15:52:14	ce 4 (ivicabelic)													CREATE DF	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	CLONE	Autostart)
		×	© 1 0	Revision: 5 Id: 739 Type: XML Path: /netw Method: P(Source Typ Last Updat	3 vork-access-da DST ve: HttpEngineF ve On: 25.09.20	ta RevisionSour 24 / 15:43:58	ce (ivicabelic)													CREATE DR	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	CLONE	Autostart)
		×	 ○ ○ 	Revision: 5 Id: 737 Type: XML Path: /netv Method: P(Source Typ Last Updat	2 vork-access-da DST be: HttpEngineF se On: 25.09.20	ta RevisionSouri 24 / 15:42:14	ce 4 (ivicabelic)													CREATE DR	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	CLONE	Autostart	
Þ	jdjurici	×	•	Revision: 5 Id: 735 Type: XML Path: /netw Method: P(Source Typ	vork-access-da OST De: HttpFngipeF	ta RevisionSource	e													CREATE DR	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD		Autostart	
€	Logout		-	Last Updat	e On: 25.09.20	24 / 15:37:00	(ivicabelic)																		
Languag Englis	ne (US) ▼		Θ	ld: 733																CREATE DR	AFT DEPLOY	DOWNLOAD	CLONE	Autostart	
	Admin Version: 2.5.16																					Reco	rds per page:	25 🔻	1-22 of 22

\equiv (2) Zendify	Revision Details	Error Handler		
Dashboard	ID 611 Engine ID 140 Revision: 2		Drag and drop adapter	N
Diagnostics	Comment Verbose Troubleshooting		()
Configuration TTT Management	Help page URL:	/		
Business Units	Contraction Excluded Variables	Authentication List		+
Tags Management	Source Type Internal Engine Revision Source	v		
Roles	Input fields			
System Management	Field name record			
Libraries				
	Configuration management			
	 Verbose Troubleshooting 			
	Static Variable { "version": "1.0", "encoding": "utf-8", "standalone": "no" }			Variable Name xmlAttributes
	Verbose Troubleshooting			
	Static Variable { "xmlns:xsi": "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" }			Variable Name rootAttributes
		Variable mapping	•	
	 a M Name: to XML Comment 	data		Variable Name response2
		#fromJson(#toJson(record))		
		Variable mapping rootAttributes xmlAttributes jsonObject	•	

rootAttributes

xmlAttributes jsonObject

#fromJson(#toJson(record))

	jdjurici	
€	Logout	
Langua Englis	^{ge} sh (US)	*
	Admin	

Version: 2.5.16

ο

Comment:

3 ID: 69 revision: 1 Verbose Troubleshooting

Variable Name result

OK, so we will develop

it ourselves...



Not saying it is impossible, however...

- You will require Low level developers or be one yourself
- Understand low level networking and protocols, get familiar with ETSI, IETF, RFC, ASN.1, fragmentation, encryption...
- Network speeds are increasing, PPS is getting crazy, you will need to learn Vector Packet Processing models
- Be ready to spend years implementing and debugging something that is not your core business
- Figure out deduplication and decapsulation
- Be ready to deal with different network vendors and their problems and their view on implementations ;) Iskratel and Mikrotik we love you, but please ;)
- You will have to think about multi-tenancy since EU is getting ready to share it across borders
- It is almost impossible to test LEA endpoints for receiving HI2 and HI3 data. You better be 100% sure you are compliant
- Cost will negate any gain. Our products start at 225 EUR per month! Even our most expensive package is still less than 1 developer salary per month!
- There is an added value with our know-how, we build configurations and deployments for you.

We are too small – No

one will know



Law is law, and fine is a penalty

- Fines defined are usually hefty for non-compliance and for some they include daily penalties for non-compliance until you become compliant
- In many countries there is jail time for Company decision makers
- Do you really want to risk your business or potentially jail time if you can solve it with a monthly subscription fee.
 - We understand how it was; it was unattainable for small and medium sized ISP/Telcos, prices ran from couple of hundred thousand EUR to millions for the system
 - Support alone for some of our customers was running at 2mil USD annually there are very few ISPs that can look at that and say it's cost of business **it doesn't have to be anymore:**

MICRO	SMALL	MEDIUM	LARGE	XXL
2.5 Gbps	5 Gbps	10 Gbps	20 Gbps	30 Gbps
€ 225,00	€ 3333,33	€ 625,00	€ 891,67	€ 1.166,67
€ 2.700,00 per year	€ 4.000,00 per year	€ 7.500,00 per year	€ 10.700,00 per year	€ 14.000,00 per year
when paid upfront	when paid upfront	when paid upfront	when paid upfront	when paid upfront
GET STARTED	GET STARTED	GET STARTED	GET STARTED	GET STARTED
Optional:	Optional:	Optional:	Optional:	Optional:
DATA RETENTION	DATA RETENTION	DATA RETENTION	DATA RETENTION	DATA RETENTION
800,00 EUR/per year	1.000,00 EUR/per year	1.750,00 EUR/per year	4.000,00 EUR/per year	4.000,00 EUR/per year
ENCRYPTED LEA LINK	ENCRYPTED LEA LINK	ENCRYPTED LEA LINK	ENCRYPTED LEA LINK	ENCRYPTED LEA LINK
375,00 EUR/per year	600,00 EUR/per year	1.300,00 EUR/per year	3.000,00 EUR/per year	3.000,00 EUR/per year



encryptnet.io

We are in it since 2012

Actually, we are closely observing it since 2005, and this is our ONLY thing.

We know and understand the real effort required to implement it.

More importantly – standards are changing, evolving. New requirements are coming, DPI is almost there, end-user bandwidth is increasing day by day.

LEAs don't want to receive all your user data traffic, they don't care about Netflix, Prime, YouTube video, Facebook video. It's encrypted, "empty" bandwidth and LEA have to deliver all this data as evidence to courts.

TrafficPolicyObject is being pushed in newer revisions. For now, it is about filtering out unwanted traffic based on netmasks, but soon this will change to **Application based filtering** since IPs are useless.

Don't take our

word for it



HI1Message	Payload RequestPayload ActionRequests ActionRequest CREATE HI1Object
5	<countrycode>XX</countrycode>
6	<uniqueidentifier>ACTOR01</uniqueidentifier>
7	
8 🗸	<receiveridentifier></receiveridentifier>
9	<countrycode>XX</countrycode>
10	
11	
12	<transactionidentifier>cd2.35602-/0cT-40d4-daeo-ro430cCdadeo</transactionidentifier>
13	<pre>//imestamp>2022-0/-01122.00;00.0000002</pre> //imestamp> //onion:
15	<pre>cvcistore // 13 1//ETSTVarsion>// 13 1//ETSTVarsion></pre>
16	<pre>AntionalProfileOwner_XX_/NationalProfileOwner_</pre>
17	<pre>AutionalProfileVersion>v1.@</pre> // #
18	
19 <	/Header>
20 🗸 <	Payload>
21 🔝	<requestpayload></requestpayload>
22 😎	<actionrequests></actionrequests>
23 🤝	<actionrequest></actionrequest>
24	<actionidentifier>0</actionidentifier>
25 🗸	<create></create>
26 🗸	<pre><hi10bject xsi:type="policy:TrafficRuleObject"></hi10bject></pre>
27	<pre><0bjectIdentifier>f69eb93b-a85b-4ff7-abaa-6f3aead286d5<!--0bjectIdentifier--></pre>
20	<countryloae>AA</countryloae>
30	<pre>conteridentiter>AllOK01</pre> //owneridentiter>
31 -	
32 -	control investment as
33 -	<pre></pre>
34	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
35	
36	
37	
38	
39 🗢	<pre><pre><pre>cpolicy:Action></pre></pre></pre>
40	<common:owner>ETSI</common:owner>
41	<common:name>PolicyAction</common:name>
42	<common:value>PDSR</common:value>
43	
44	
45	
40	
48	ActionIdentifiers1/ActionIdentifiers
49 🗸	<reates< th=""></reates<>
50 🗸	<pre><hiliopiect xsi:type="policy:TrafficPolicyObject"></hiliopiect></pre>
51	<pre><opiectidentifier>55e25c0a-787b-4049-b7fb-518a13a9483b</opiectidentifier></pre>
52	<countrycode>XX</countrycode>
53	<pre></pre> OwnerIdentifier>ACTOR01/OwnerIdentifier>
54	<policy:trafficpolicyname>Template Rule 1</policy:trafficpolicyname>
55 🗢	<policy:trafficrules></policy:trafficrules>
56 🤝	<pre><policy:trafficrulereference></policy:trafficrulereference></pre>
57	<pre><policy:order></policy:order></pre>
58	<pre><pre>cypolicy:0bjectIdentifier>f69eb93b-a85b-4ff7-abaa-6f3aead286d5</pre></pre>
59	
61	
62	
63	<pre> < chcation address - </pre>
64 🗸	<pre></pre>
65	">
66 🗸	
67 🤝	<pre></pre> //II0bject xsi:type="task:LITask0bject">
68	<pre><0bjectIdentifier>2b36a78b-b628-416d-bd22-404e68a0cd36<!--0bjectIdentifier--></pre>
69 🤝	<task:listoftrafficpolicyreferences></task:listoftrafficpolicyreferences>
70 🗸	<task:trafficpolicyreference></task:trafficpolicyreference>
71	<task:order>1</task:order>
72	<task:objectidentifier>f69eb93b-a85b-4ff7-abaa-6f3aead286d5</task:objectidentifier>
73	
74	
75	
76	
77	
/8	
7.4	ZZRODUOSTROVEDOOS

Mark our words, **DPI** is already here.

336 🤝	<pre><dictionary></dictionary></pre>
337	TrafficAction: see Clause 7.6.3 Table 7.25
338	<owner>ETSI</owner>
339	<name>TrafficAction</name>
340 🗢	<dictionaryentries></dictionaryentries>
341 🤝	<pre><dictionaryentry></dictionaryentry></pre>
342	<value>PDSR</value>
343	<meaning>Traffic that matches this policy is delivered as Packet Data Summary Reports</meaning>
344	
345 🤝	<pre><dictionaryentry></dictionaryentry></pre>
346	<value>PDHR</value>
347	Meaning>Traffic that matches this policy is delivered as Packet Data Header Reports
348	
349 🤜	<pre><dictionaryentry></dictionaryentry></pre>
350	<value>NotDelivered</value>
351	Advantage Advanta Advantage Advantage Adva Advantage Advantage
352	
353 🤝	<pre><dictionaryentry></dictionaryentry></pre>
354	<value>Delivered</value>
355	<meaning>Traffic that matches the policy is delivered</meaning>
356	
357 🤝	<pre><dictionaryentry></dictionaryentry></pre>
358	<value>Truncate</value>
359	All specified number of the first octets of each datagram
360	
361	
362	

Don't take our

word for it

Some Statistics



One of our smaller customers

- Over 7million PPS and over 55Gbps
 - Averaged out, bursts are going over 12million PPS!
 - half WISP half FISP
- There is some duplicated data present, so think about how will you handle it :)
- CGNAT is over 100GB daily MERGED





Our smallest customer

• only voice, no data



Bills (Current Period)				🔗 Previous Period Add Bill
signum:voice	All Types -	User	•	Q Search
Billing name	Туре	llowed Used Overusage		
::signum:voice:tier:li:hr:encryptnet.io 1st September 2024 to 30th September 2024 ::li:signum:hr:encryptnet.io	🐣 🛛 CDR 95th	5Mbps 15.4Mbps -	61.78% 38.22%	☞ Edit CReset 節 Delete

Our smallest customer

- sending us duplicate data 3 • packets out, 2 packets in
- deduplication required •

Apply a display filter < #/>										
No.		Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info			
	1	0.000000	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=0/0, ttl=62 (no response found!)
	2	0.000017	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=0/0, ttl=61 (no response found!)
	3	0.000021	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=0/0, ttl=61 (no response found!)
	4	0.000034	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=0/0, ttl=60 (reply in 5)
	5	0.022697	52.59.189.32	92.242.240.126	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	reply	id=0x7c1a, seq=0/0, ttl=56 (request in 4)
	6	0.022715	52.59.189.32	92.242.240.126	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	reply	id=0x7c1a, seq=0/0, ttl=55
	7	2.033121	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	<pre>id=0x7c1a, seq=1/256, ttl=62 (no response found!)</pre>
	8	2.033136	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=1/256, ttl=61 (no response found!)
	9	2.033136	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=1/256, ttl=61 (no response found!)
	10	2.033153	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	request	id=0x7c1a, seq=1/256, ttl=60 (reply in 11)
	11	2.055851	52.59.189.32	92.242.240.126	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	reply	id=0x7c1a, seq=1/256, ttl=56 (request in 10)
	12	2.055867	52.59.189.32	92.242.240.126	ICMP	102	Echo	(ping)	reply	id=0x7c1a, seq=1/256, ttl=55

###

Traffic map connection configurations ### map alias voip-signum type regular byRule roles replace admin to owner_roles comment " " rule add pass ipsrc 🗨 rule add pass ipdst rule add pass ipsrc 🗨

255.255.255.255 ipver 4 macsrc bc:24:11:50:b3:c1 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff protocol udp comment ::signum-mor-master 255.255.255.255 ipver 4 macdst bc:24:11:50:b3:c1 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff protocol udp comment ::signum-mor-master 255.255.255.255 ipver 4 macsrc bc:24:11:e1:05:05 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff protocol udp comment ::signum-mor-slave 255.255.255.255 ipver 4 macdst bc:24:11:e1:05:05 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff protocol udp comment ::signum-mor-slave

to 1/1/x1 from 1/1/x12

rule add pass ipdst

exit

A	Apply a display filter <%/>									
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info					
	1 0.000000	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102 Echo (ping) request	id=0xb51b, seq=0/0, ttl=62 (reply in 2)				
	2 0.022521	52.59.189.32	92.242.240.126	ICMP	102 Echo (ping) reply	id=0xb51b, seq=0/0, ttl=55 (request in 1)				
	3 1.005676	92.242.240.126	52.59.189.32	ICMP	102 Echo (ping) request	id=0xb51b, seg=1/256, ttl=62 (reply in 4)				
	4 1.029015	52.59.189.32	92.242.240.126	ICMP	102 Echo (ping) reply	id=0xb51b, seq=1/256, ttl=55 (request in 3)				

Don't take our

word for it



Some interesting vendor bugs

<u> Mikrotik – bug: SUP-1657</u>39

- As of this moment we are still waiting on Mikrotik's acknowledgment
- We first identified it at one of our customers running NAT on their CCR1072 on September 12, 2024. It took us some time to double check our code and organize packet capture not easy when you are receiving over 30k events per second!



<u>Iskratel – bug: R14-22051</u>6120

- As of this moment fix is still not confirmed
- We wrote a hotfix for our customer while we wait on Iskratel to fix it
- Issue is with CSEQ not being increased properly it causes retries on all of their transit vendors, many of them did not work correctly, even our session machine was unable to properly track calls – proving again that you really must know RFCs

Ako pogledas debug ovako je izgledalo za fax:

- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: creating new VOIP session for LIID fax (callID=isbc30258-XF-b20ae9cb-2b4be0754)
- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: Received 180 or 183
- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: Before cseq check
- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: Before while
- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: Inside while
- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: Before rtp_stream_announcing
- May 16 16:01:15 probe-01 digitalact-collector[30462]: DigitalACT: RTP stream for LIID fax (10.23.168.153:(null))

Ovo je bilo za

- May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: creating new VOIP session for LIID 1230 (callID=isbc19973-RR-b2)
- May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: Received 180 or 183
- May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: Before cseq check
- May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: Before while

May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: Received 180 or 183

May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: Before cseq check

- May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: Before rtp_stream_announcing
- May 16 15:58:09 probe-01 digitalact-collector[29790]: DigitalACT: RTP stream for LIID 1230 ((null):(null))

Nakon patcha ovako izgleda. ne vidi se UPDATE jer se poziv ne ostvari, ali sada ulovi uredno zvonjavu, pa prepostavljam da ce raditi:

May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: creating new VOIP session for LIID 1230 (callID=isbc24264-YG May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Received 180 or 183 May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Before cseq check: 560829015 INVITE == 560829015 INVITE May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Before while May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Before rtp stream announcing May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: RTP stream for LIID 1230 ((null):(null)) May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Received 180 or 183 May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Before cseq check: 560829015 INVITE == 560829015 INVITE May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Before while May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Inside while May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Before rtp stream announcing May 16 16:45:12 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: RTP stream for LIID 1230 (10.24.168.153:(null)) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Collector statistics for the last minute: May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector [37377]: DigitalACT: Packets... captured: 18993 dropped: 0 intercepted: 552 May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Packets sent to IP sync: 0, sent to VOIP sync: 47 May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Bad SIP packets: 0 Bad RADIUS packets: 0 May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Records created... IPCCs: 0 IPIRIS: 0 MobIRIS: 0 May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: Records created... IPMMCCs: 552 IPMMIRIs: 1 May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: IP intercepts added: 0 (all-time: 0) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: IP intercepts ended: 0 (all-time: 0) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: VOIP intercepts added: 0 (all-time: 4) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: VOIP intercepts ended: 0 (all-time: 0) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: IP sessions added: 0 (all-time: 0) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: IP sessions ended: 0 (all-time: 0) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: VOIP sessions added: 1 (all-time: 5) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: VOIP sessions ended: 0 (all-time: 0) May 16 16:45:33 probe-01 digitalact-collector[37377]: DigitalACT: === statistics complete === Kod je promijenjen za vas, dugorocno nemogu odrzavati dupli kod pa je preporuka zbog updatea da se fix-a sustav.

Release14

quick overview

Challenges and Considerations

Open discussion

- **Cost**: No ROI just a Regulatory compliance nightmare?
- Internal know-how: Hard to find people with necessary skills to manage and run internally + employee security compliance (TS generally required)?
- **Technological Challenges**: encryption, over-the-top services (WhatsApp, Signal), scaling for large datasets, FTTH higher and higher link speeds?
- Privacy vs. Security: Balancing the need for surveillance with privacy rights (GDPR concerns, human rights debates)?
- **Evolving Threats**: New technologies like 5G, IoT, and how they complicate LI and DR?
- Other questions?

Thank you for your time.

We invite you to visit our booth and see the latest system iteration in person.

Together with Ronog we will be giving away 1 year license at the end of the day to 1 lucky ISP*

info@encryptnet.io



WORRY ABOUT YOUR FUTURE